

Instruction Manual HIPERDRIVE with EtherCAT





halstrup-walcher GmbH

Stegener Straße 10 79199 Kirchzarten

Tel.: +49 (0) 76 61/39 63-0

E-Mail: <u>info@halstrup-walcher.com</u> Internet: <u>www.halstrup-walcher.com</u>



Table of Contents

1.	Safety precautions	5
1.1.	Qualified personnel	5
1.2.	Explanation of symbols	5
1.3.	Appropriate use	6
1.4.	Inappropriate use	7
1.5.	Limitation of liability	8
1.6.	Faults, maintenance, repair, disposal	8
1.7.	Product labeling	9
2.	The HIPERDRIVE concept	10
3.	Device description: HIPERDRIVE Hub	11
3.1.	Pin assignment HIPERDRIVE Hub	11
3.2.	Setting the device address	12
3.3.	LEDs and jog keys for the HIPERDRIVE Hub	12
3.4.	Meaning of the LED statuses of LED "RS485"	14
3.5.	Start-up: HIPERDRIVE Hub	15
4.	Device description: HIPERDRIVE bus adapter	16
4.1.	Assembly of the HIPERDRIVE drives with bus adapter	16
4.2.	Pin assignment: HIPERDRIVE bus adapter	16
4.3.	Setting the device address	17
4.4.	LEDs for the HIPERDRIVE bus adapter	18
4.5.	Meaning of the LED statuses of LED "RS485"	19
4.6.	Start-up: HIPERDRIVE bus adapter	19
5.	The EtherCAT interface	20
5.1.	EtherCAT interface with CoE protocol (CANopen over EtherCAT)	20
5.2.	Table of entries implemented from object dictionary	21
5.3.	PDO format	31
5.4.	Detailed description of status bits	31
5.5.	Detailed description of control bits	34
5.6.	Flow chart	36
6.	Jog function	37
6.1.	Jog function with jog keys on the drive	37
6.2.	Jog function with jog keys in the HIPERDRIVE Hub	37
7.	Special features	38
7.1.	Target speed (r.p.m.) and torque	38
7.2.	Response of the drive in case of block	38
7.3.	Response of the drive if it is turned manually (readjustment function)	38

Malstrup walcher

7.4.	Using actual value assessment factors to set the spindle pitch	38
7.5.	Aborted run when the master fails	39
8. Te	echnical data	40
8.1.	HIPERDRIVE Hub	40
8.1.1.	Ambient conditions	40
8.1.2.	Electrical data	40
8.1.3.	Physical data	40
8.2.	Drives with HIPERDRIVE bus adapter	41
8.2.1.	Ambient conditions	41
8.2.2.	Electrical data	41
8.2.3.	Physical data	42
9. C	ertificate of Conformity	43



Purpose of instruction manual

This instruction manual describes the features of the HIPERDRIVE positioning system and provides guidelines for its use.

Every person who is tasked with carrying out work on or with the appliance must have read and understood the operating instructions before starting work on the appliance. This also applies if the person concerned has already worked with such an appliance or a similar appliance or has been trained by the manufacturer.

These appliances can pose a risk to persons and property due to improper use and incorrect operation. For this reason, every person entrusted with handling the appliances must be trained and aware of the dangers. The operating instruction and in particular the safety instruction contained therein must be carefully observed. Always contact the manufacturer if you do not understand any parts of these instructions.

Handle these operating instructions with care:

- It must be kept within easy reach for the entire service life of the appliances.
- It must be passed on to subsequent personnel.
- Any supplements issued by the manufacturer must be included.

The manufacturer reserves the right to further develop this device type without documenting this in each individual case. Your manufacturer will be happy to provide you with information on the current status of these operating instructions.

Conformity

This device is state of the art.
It complies with the statutory requirements of the EC.
This is documented by the CE mark being affixed.



Translation of the original instructions

© 2025

The manufacturer owns the copyright to this instruction manual. It contains technical data, instructions and drawings detailing the devices' features and how to use them. It must not be copied either wholly or in part or made available to third parties.

These operating instruction is part of the product. Read these instructions carefully, follow our instructions and pay particular attention to safety instructions. The instructions should be available at all times.



EtherCAT® is a registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH, Germany.

1. Safety precautions

This section provides an overview of all the important safety aspects for optimum protection of personnel and for safe and trouble-free operation.

1.1. Qualified personnel

These operating instructions are intended for qualified electricians and fitters who are authorized to install, electrically connect, commission and label devices and systems in accordance with safety standards, as well as for the operator and manufacturer of the system on which the drives are installed.

The personnel must be provided with all applicable accident prevention and safety regulations that arise during commissioning or installation of the system.

It must be ensured that the personnel are familiar with all applicable accident prevention and safety regulations.

1.2. Explanation of symbols

In these operating instructions, the following highlights are used to draw attention to the hazards described below when handling the system:

⚠ DANGER!	DANGER! Indicates a situation of imminent danger, which will lead to a fatality or serious injuries if not prevented.
WARNING!	WARNING! Indicates a potentially dangerous situation, which may lead to a fatality or serious injuries if not prevented.
CAUTION!	CAUTION!I ndicates a potentially dangerous situation, which may lead to minor/slight injuries if not prevented.
NOTICE	NOTICE Indicates a potentially harmful situation, which may lead to material damage if not prevented.

1.3. Appropriate use

Positioning systems are especially suitable for automatically setting tools, stops or spindles for wood-processing equipment, packing lines, printing equipment, filling units and other types of special machines.

Hiperdrive positioning systems are not stand-alone devices and may only be used if coupled to another machine.



WARNING!

Personal injury and property damage due to incorrect use of the products!

The positioning systems are designed for use in an industrial environment and may only be used as intended. If they are not used as intended, situations may arise that result in damage to property and personal injury.

NOTICE

The device is used as intended if all instructions and information in these operating instructions are observed.

- Only operate the device in perfect technical condition
- When attaching to a machine, observe the current safety regulations.
- Do not operate the product in all installed state unless all necessary protective measures have been taken.
- Observe the relevant regulations for the prevention of accidents (e.g. accident prevention regulations).
- In order to avoid the risk of accidents due to contact with moving parts, appropriate separating or non-separating guards must be provided.
- Use appropriate protective equipment (e.g. safety helmet, safety goggles, safety shoes, protective gloves).
- Use appropriate assembly and transport equipment.
- Store and transport the product in its original packaging, reuse protective caps for plugs if necessary.
- Adequate ventilation must be provided at the point of use to avoid excessive heating.
- During project planning, ensure that the device is always operated within its specifications. See technical data in chapter 6. Technical Data.
- If the device is equipped with a brake, it is not a safety brake that may be used for safety functions.
- In special areas of application such as the chemical, pharmaceutical or food sector, the positioning system in stainless steel design is possible.



1.4. Inappropriate use

The use of the positioning devices outside of the operating conditions and technical data and specifications described in the documentation is considered "improper".

The drives are designed for intended operation under normal ambient conditions (according to EN / IEC / UL 61010-1), with the exception of an extended temperature range.

- Operation inside buildings
- Operartion at altitudes up to 2000m above sea level
- Ambient temperatures deviating from standard: 0°C to 45°C
- Maximum relative humidity 80% at temperatures up to 31°C, decreasing linearly to 50% relative humidity at 45°C
- Fluctuations in the supply voltage up to ± 10% of the nominal voltage at 50% relative humidity at 45°C
- The IP-protection rating is a manufacturer specification.

Any use of the device that goes beyond the intended use and/or is used differently can lead to dangerous situations

- Underwater usage is not allowed
- The positioning system cannot be used for certain applications, such as the tranport of people and animals or as a press-bending device for cold processing of metal.
- If the operation requirements stated in chapter 6. Technical Data are exceeded, personal injury or property damage may occur.
- The positioning system cannot be used in hazardous areas.
- The holding brake must not be used to brake the motor.
- Under no circumstances may the housing cover be used for power transmission purposes, e.g. for supporting, climbing or similar.



1.5. Limitation of liability

The device may only be operated in accordance with these operating instructions. All information and instructions in these operating instructions have been compiled taking into account the applicable standards and regulations, the state of the art and our many years of experience and knowledge.

The manufacturer accepts no liability arising from improper or unintended use. Warranty claims also expire in this case:

- non-observance of the operating instructions
- improper use
- improper installation
- improper use
- Use by untrained personnel
- Modifications to the device
- Technical modifications
- Unauthorized modifications

The user is responsible for carrying out commissioning in accordance with the safety regulations of the applicable standards and all other relevant national or local regulations regarding conductor dimensioning and protection, grounding, circuit breakers, overcurrent protection, etc. The person who carried out the assembly or installation is liable for any damage caused during assembly or connection.

1.6. Faults, maintenance, repair, disposal

Faults or damage to the appliance must be reported immediately to the specialist personnel responsible for the electrical connection.

The appliance must be taken out of operation by the responsible specialist personnel until the fault has been rectified and secured against accidental use.

The appliance requires no maintenance.

Repair work that requires the housing to be opened may only be carried out by the manufacturer.

The electronic components of the appliance contain environmentally harmful substances and are also recyclable materials. The device must therefore be recycled after its final decommissioning. The environmental guidelines of the respective country must be observed.



1.7. Product labeling

Warning symbol	Meaning
<u> </u>	Reference to further documentation Read the operating instructions and safety instructions before transportation, installation or commissioning
	Warning of hot surface The appliance can become very hot during operation. Temperatures of over 70°C can occur. In the event of a fault, internal components may be overloaded. Use personal protective equipment or wait long enough for the appliance to cool down.
A	Warning of dangerous electrical voltage Before working on the product, check that all power connections are de-energized!
	 Disposal of batteries, electrical and electronic equipment In accordance with international regulations, batteries, rechargeable batteries and electrical and electronic equipment must not be disposed of with household waste. The owner is legally obliged to dispose of these devices properly at the end of their service life. WEEE: This symbol on the product, its packaging or in this document indicates that a product is subject to these regulations.
C€	CE marking CE stands for "Conformité Européenne". The CE marking expresses the conformity of a product with the relevant EC directives.
UK	UKCA marking UKCA stands for "UK Conformity Assessed". The UKCA marking expresses the conformity of a product with all applicable legal requirements of the United Kingdom.
	GROUNDING Chassis grounding



2. The HIPERDRIVE concept

The HIPERDRIVE positioning system, an intelligent, compact, complete solution for positioning auxiliary and positioning axes, consists of an EC motor, gear, power amplifier, control electronics, absolute measuring system and EtherCAT interface. The integrated absolute measuring system eliminates the need for time-consuming reference runs. Connecting to a bus system simplifies the wiring. The positioning system is especially suitable for automatically setting tools, stops or spindles for wood-processing equipment, packing lines, printing equipment, filling units and other types of special machines.

There are two options for the EtherCAT connection:

- 1) The HIPERDRIVE units are connected to a central connecting station. This connecting station is called the "HIPERDRIVE Hub". Up to eight drives can be connected to a hub, all drives are used via the same bus address. In addition, the HIPERDRIVE Hub distributes the operating voltage for the drives. This means that only one cable is required to connect a drive. Both data and power for the drives are transmitted via the same cable. For the HIPERDRIVE Hub itself, apart from the fieldbus and 24V motor supply voltage, only a 24V auxiliary voltage is required for the hub electronics.
- 2) The HIPERDRIVE drives are equipped with a bus adapter. The bus adapter has a fixed connection to the drive. Each drive unit therefore has its own bus address and its own fieldbus connection.
 In the same way, each adapter has an input for the 24V power supply to the bus adapter and the 24V power supply to the drive.



3. Device description: HIPERDRIVE Hub

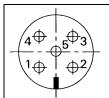
3.1. Pin assignment HIPERDRIVE Hub

A round, 5-pin plug, series 713/763 (A-coded) manufactured by Binder for the supply voltage is located on the housing cover of the HIPERDRIVE Hub.

Two round 4-pin sockets, series 825 (D-coded) are provided for connection to the bus.

Round plug for the power supply of the control unit:

(External top view)



- 1: +24V control unit
- 2: NC
- 3: Ground (control unit)
- 4: NC
- 5: NC

Supply for the drives connected to the HIPERDRIVE Hub:

The motor power supply (24VDC and GND) is connected using two screw connections for cable lugs M6. These are concealed under a cover on the front side of the hub.

Screw terminal for each of the drives connected to the HIPERDRIVE Hub:

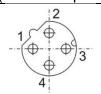
For each drive to be connected to the HIPERDRIVE Hub, there is a flange adapter containing a screw terminal with the following pin assignment:

Pin	Signal	Wire colour
1	RS485 data +	white
2	RS485 data -	green
3	+24V	orange
4	GND	black
5	+24V	red
6	GND	blue

Terminals 3 and 5 are connected internally in the hub, as are terminals 4 and 6.

Round sockets for the bus:

(External top view)



- 1: TD+ (WH/GN, white/green)
- 2: RD+ (WH/OR, white/orange)
- 3: TD- (GN, green)
- 4: RD- (OR, orange)

NOTICE

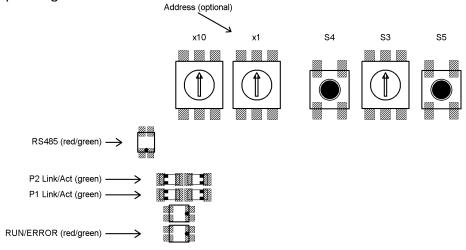
Due to the use of 4-pin sockets, only four-wire cables should be used.

3.2. Setting the device address

The device address is assigned via the bus of the EtherCAT master. Alternatively, the "configured station alias" can be defined using the two rotary switches (address switch value > 0).

3.3. LEDs and jog keys for the HIPERDRIVE Hub

Opening the housing cover on the top side of the hub provides access to the following operating and observation elements:



The LEDs are visible through two windows in the housing cover even when it is closed.

Meaning of the LEDs:

1) Each of the ports (P1/P2) has an associated green LED for the "Link" and "Activity" states.

For each port the following states are possible:

- off → no connection
- on → line connection is active, no data activity
- flickering at 10 Hz → line connection and data transmission active
- 2) Red/green EtherCAT status LED

EtherCAT STATUS LED (green/red; see EtherCAT specification)



3) Red/green LED "RS485"

The LED "RS485" signals the status of the RS485 connections to the connected motors Switch S3 = $0 \rightarrow$ displays a collective message,

Switch S3 > 0 → Status of the RS485 connection to the motor selected with S3

(see also following section)

Meaning of the rotary switches and keys:

S1/S2: Definition of the "configured station alias" (address switch value 0 means that the last value saved in the device will be used)

S3: Selection of the drive to be jogged or to identify a faulty drive

S4: Jog the drive selected with S3. Starts a jog step with the parameters from SDO #2090 (jog 2; default 1/16 rotation backwards)

S5: Jog the drive selected with S3. Starts a jog step with the parameters from SDO #208F (jog 1; default 1/16 rotation forwards)



CAUTION!

Important: Always close the housing cover after completing the operating and observation task. This will prevent dust and contaminants from entering the device.



CAUTION!

The HIPERDRIVE drives can only be run via the bus if S3 is set to 0.



3.4. Meaning of the LED statuses of LED "RS485"

The LED RS485 shows a collective message. When switch S3 is set to 0, the meanings are as follows:

Status	Meaning
off	No power supply to the HIPERDRIVE electronics.
flashes	Presence test
red+green	The hub is detecting the ports to which drive are connected
alternately	
(5 Hz)	
red on	Communication error for at least one of the drives marked as "required"
red+green on	Drive error for at least one of the drives marked as "required" (communication to these drives is functioning correctly)
flashes green	All drives marked as "required" are functioning without
(2 Hz)	communication or drive errors.
	At least one further drive exists, which is not marked as
	"required". No drive errors for any "non-required" drive.
flashes	All drives marked as "required" are functioning without
red+green	communication or drive errors.
simultaneously	
(2 Hz)	At least one further drive exists, which is not marked as
	"required". At least one of the "non-required" drives has a drive
	error.
green on	Only the drives marked as "required" are available and none of
	these have a drive error.

When S3 is set to a value > 0, the LED RS485 shows the status of the drive selected using the switch S3:

Status	Meaning
off	Not available and not required.
red on	Communication error
red+green on	Communication OK, but drive error
green on	Communication OK, no drive error

When the S3 switch is set to 0, it is therefore possible to view the communication status with the drives and, if a problem arises, identify the specific drive causing the problem by setting the S3 switch to the next corresponding position.



3.5. Start-up: HIPERDRIVE Hub

After connecting the supply voltage, the hub automatically performs a presence test.

During this test, the hub detects the ports to which drives are connected. For each drive, the baud rate is set to the last value saved in the hub for the specific drive. The "RS485 message complete time" (time after which the drive evaluates a received message) is set to a value corresponding to the desired baud rate. The RS485 address of the drive is set to 1 (steady-state).

In addition, the hub loads the most recently saved information about the ports at which drives were most recently required, i.e. were released for issuing run commands.

If at least one drive requested recently is not found, the LED RS485 is illuminated red.

If precisely the number of drives requested recently is found, the LED RS485 is illuminated green.

If more drives than last required are found, the LED RS485 flashes green (frequency 2 Hz).

In the delivery state, no drive is marked as "required".



CAUTION!

A drive must first be "required" at the hub in order to execute run commands. For the drive "n", this is done by setting SDO (0x20A4 + (n 1) * 0x80) to 1.

The presence test can also be repeated at any time after switching on the supply voltage by setting SDO #200D to -3.

4. Device description: HIPERDRIVE bus adapter

4.1. Assembly of the HIPERDRIVE drives with bus adapter

The drives are fixed in position using 4x M5 screws via the centring spigot flush on the mounting surface. Please ensure that the screw depth in the mounting surface is at least 10mm.

The mounting flange is symmetrical, i.e. the drives can be mounted in four different angle positions on the mounting surface depending on the cable outlet.

The shaft connection with the feather key shows a positive engagement. When installing mechanical coupling elements, please take note of the permitted axial and radial forces stated in the "Technical data" section. If necessary, use a suitable coupling element to balance the axial and radial tolerances.



CAUTION!

To prevent damage to electromechanical components, please avoid banging or knocking the output shaft.

4.2. Pin assignment: HIPERDRIVE bus adapter

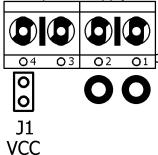
A 4-pin screw terminal for connecting the supply voltage is located in the housing cover of the HIPERDRIVE bus adapter. A PG threaded connection through which the screw terminal can be accessed is provided as standard. Optionally, these terminals are already factorywired to the pins of a 7/8" plug (manufacturer: Lumberg; designation RSF 50/11-04). In this case, the PG threaded connection is omitted.

Two round 4-pin sockets, series 825 (D-coded) are provided for connection to the bus.

Screw terminal for the power supply of the HIPERDRIVE drive unit with bus adapter:

- 1 GND drive
- 2 +24V drive
- 3 GND bus adapter
- 4 +24V bus adapter

The bus adapter electronics can either be powered via separate connection points (terminals 3/4) or be interconnected with the motor power supply via the jumpers J1 in the adapter:



The former is generally selected if the motor power supply is run in a safety circuit with the EMERGENCY STOP and the databus has to remain active during an EMERGENCY STOP, or if the motor power supply does not permit correct operation of the bus adapter due to inadequate voltage stability or high interference voltages.

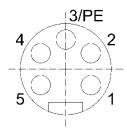
 Λ

CAUTION!

In addition, the two GND potentials should be connected outside the device (e.g. directly at the power supplys which provide the two supply voltages) so that potential compensating currents will not flow through the device.

Round plug for power supply (optional):

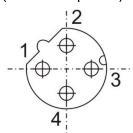
(External top view)



- 1 +24V Motor
- 2 Ground (motor)
- 3 Housing
- 4 Ground (control unit)
- 5 +24V control unit

Round socket for the bus:

(External top view)



- 1 TD+ (WH/GR, white/green)
- 2 RD+ (WH/OG, white/orange)
- 3 TD- (GR, green)
- 4 RD- (OR, orange)

NOTICE

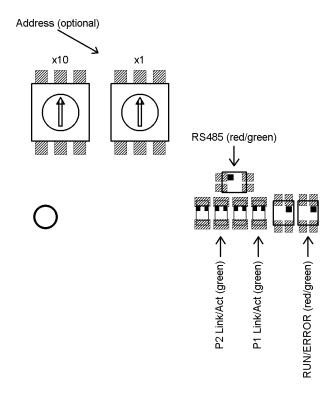
Due to the use of 4-pin sockets, only four-wire cables should be used.

4.3. Setting the device address

The device address is assigned via the bus of the EtherCAT master. Alternatively, the "configured station alias" can be defined using the two rotary switches (address switch value > 0).

4.4. LEDs for the HIPERDRIVE bus adapter

Opening the cover of the bus adapter provides access to the following operating and observation elements:



The LEDs are visible through two windows even when the bus adapter cover is closed.

Meaning of the LEDs:

1) Each of the ports (P1/P2) has an associated green LED for the "Link" and "Activity" states.

For each port the following states are possible:

- off → no connection
- on → line connection is active, no data activity
- flickering at 10 Hz → line connection and data transmission active
- 2) Red/green EtherCAT status LED

EtherCAT STATUS LED (green/red; see EtherCAT specification)

3) Red/green LED "RS485"

The LED "RS485" signals the status of the RS485 connection to the connected motor (collective message, see also following section).



Meaning of the rotary switches:

The two rotary switches are used to define the "configured station alias" (address switch value 0 means that the last value saved in the device will be used). These can be accessed by opening the cover of the bus adapter.



CAUTION!

Important: Always close the cover of the bus adapter after completing the operating and observation task. This will prevent dust and contaminants from entering the device.

Important: Always close the cover of the bus adapter after completing the operating and observation task. This will prevent dust and contaminants from entering the device.

4.5. Meaning of the LED statuses of LED "RS485"

LED-RS485 shows a collective message.

Status	Meaning
off	No power supply to the HIPERDRIVE electronics.
flashes	Presence test
red+green	The bus adapter determines whether communication with the
alternately	basic unit has been established.
(5 Hz)	
red on	Communication error to the drive, if this is marked as "required"
red+green on	Drive error (communication to the drive is functioning correctly)
flashes green	The drive is not marked as "required", no drive error.
(2 Hz)	
flashes	The drive is not marked as "required", the drive has a drive
red+green	error.
simultaneously	
(2 Hz)	
green on	Communication to the drive is functioning correctly, the drive
	has no drive error.

4.6. Start-up: HIPERDRIVE bus adapter

After connecting the supply voltage, the bus adapter automatically performs a presence test:

During this test, the adapter determines whether a drive is connected to the adapter. If so, the transfer rate is set to the last value saved in the adapter. The "RS485 message complete time" (time after which the drive evaluates a received message) is set to the value corresponding to the desired baud rate. The RS485 address of the drive is set to 1 (steady-state).

If no drive is found, the LED RS485 is illuminated red.

If the drive is found, the LED RS485 is illuminated green.

5. The EtherCAT interface

5.1. EtherCAT interface with CoE protocol (CANopen over EtherCAT)

The EtherCAT interface uses the CANopen over EtherCAT protocol in accordance with ETG1000.6 Section 5.6:

- 1. one send and one receive SDO per device
- 2. one asynchronous send and receive PDO, active by default
- 3. Meaning of the LEDs:
 - 1) Each of the ports (P1/P2) has an associated green LED for the "Link" and "Activity" states.

For each port the following states are possible:

- off → no line connection
- flickering at 10 Hz → line connection; data transmission active
- on → line connection; data transmission inactive
- 2) The green "Run" LED signals the ESM status:
- off → INIT
- flashes at 2.5Hz → PRE-OPERATIONAL
- single flashes at 1Hz → SAFE-OPERATIONAL
- on → OPERATIONAL
- 3) The red "Error" LED signals an error:
- off → no error
- single flashes at 1Hz → local fault, application is changing ESM status
- double flashes at 1Hz → watchdog timeout
- flashes at 2.5Hz → configuration fault



5.2. Table of entries implemented from object dictionary

The area 0x1000 to 0x207F of the object dictionary contains those objects that only exist once regardless of whether the HIPERDRIVE unit is a drive with a bus adapter or a hub and independently of the number of drives that can be connected to a hub.

Name,	Index	Function	Range of	Back	Deliver	R/W
designation	number		values	up?	y state	
Device type	1000	Returns a "0" when read	0		0	R
Software	100A	Identifies the software of the EtherCAT				R
description		drives; returns the string "HIPERDRIVE /				
		ECAT" when read				
Identity	1018	Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 4)	8 bit		4	R
		Sub 1: Vendor-ID (= 0x000002D8)	32 bit			R
		Sub 2: Product code	32 bit			R
		Sub 3: Revision number (= 0x00010000)	32 bit			R
		Sub 4: Serial number	32 bit			R
Receive PDO	1600	Sub index 0: No. of indices	8 bit			R
1 mapping		(Adapter \rightarrow 4; Hub-4 \rightarrow 16; Hub-8 \rightarrow 32)				
		Sub 1: 0x20800010	32 bit			R
		Sub 2: 0x20810008	32 bit			R
		Sub 3: 0x20820008	32 bit			R
		Sub 4: 0x20830032	32 bit			R
		In addition, for Hub-4 and Hub-8:	OZ BIC			1 \
		Sub 5: 0x21000010	32 bit			R
		Sub 6: 0x21010008	32 bit			R
		Sub 7: 0x21020008	32 bit			R
		Sub 8: 0x21030032	32 bit			R
		Sub 9: 0x21800010	32 bit			R
		Sub 10: 0x21810008	32 bit			R
		Sub 11: 0x21820008	32 bit			R
		Sub 12: 0x21830032	32 bit			R
		Sub 13: 0x22000010	32 bit			R
		Sub 14: 0x22010008	32 bit			R
		Sub 15: 0x22020008	32 bit			R
		Sub 16: 0x22030032	32 bit	1		R
		In addition, for Hub-8:		1		
		Sub 17: 0x22800010	32 bit			R
		 Sub 32: 0x24030032	 32 bit			 R
		3UD 32. UXZ4U3UU3Z	JZ DIL		l	LZ.



Name,	Index	Function	Range of	Back	Deliver	R/W
designation	number		values	up?	y state	
Transmit	1A00	Sub index 0: No. of indices	8 bit			R
PDO 1		(Adapter \rightarrow 3; Hub-4 \rightarrow 12; Hub-8 \rightarrow 24)				
mapping						
		Sub 1: 0x20840010	32 bit			R
		Sub 2: 0x20850010	32 bit			R
		Sub 3: 0x20860020	32 bit			R
		In addition, for Hub-4 and Hub-8:				
		Sub 4: 0x21040010	32 bit			R
		Sub 5: 0x21050010	32 bit			R
		Sub 6: 0x21060020	32 bit			R
		Sub 7: 0x21840010	32 bit			R
		Sub 8: 0x21850010	32 bit			R
		Sub 9: 0x21860020	32 bit			R
		Sub 10: 0x22040010	32 bit			R
		Sub 11: 0x22050010	32 bit			R
		Sub 12: 0x22060020	32 bit			R
		In addition, for Hub-8:				
		Sub 13: 0x22840010	32 bit			R
		Sub 24: 0x24060032	32 bit			R
SM Comm	1C00	Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 4)	8 bit		4	R
Types		Sub 1: SM0 (= 1)	8 bit			R
		Sub 2: SM1 (= 2)	8 bit			R
		Sub 3: SM2 (= 3)	8 bit			R
		Sub 4: SM3 (= 4)	8 bit			R
SM0 PDO	1C10	Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 0)	8 bit		0	R
Assignment						
SM1 PDO	1C11	Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 0)	8 bit		0	R
Assignment						
SM2 PDO	1C12	Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 1)	8 bit		1	R
Assignment		Sub 1: 0x1600 (1. RxPDO)	16 bit			
SM3 PDO	1C13	Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 1)	8 bit		1	R
Assignment		Sub 1: 0x1A00 (1. TxPDO)	16 bit			

Name,	Index number	Function	Range of values	Back up?	Delivery state	R/W
designation		140	values	up?	state	
general purpose register	2000	10 general purpose registers Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 10) Sub 110: Free register	8 bit 32 bit	yes	10 0	R R/W
Address	2001	Configured Station Alias Write: When writing the address via SDO, the new address will only be taken over into the ESC and the SII after saving the parameters in the EEPROM (see SDO #200D) and restart. If the value is written directly to the SII by the master (i.e. not via SDO), it will be saved automatically by the HIPERDRIVE Hub or adapter.	16 bit	yes	0	R/W
HIPERDRIVE category	2002	Adapter → "HIPERDRIVE SINGLE" 4-port hub → "HIPERDRIVE HUB-4" 8-port hub → "HIPERDRIVE HUB-8"				R
HIPERDRIVE name	2004	Type designation as string				R
Item number	2005	halstrup-walcher article number as string (format xxxx.xxxx)				R
Serial number	2006	Serial device number of the hub or adapter	0 65535 16 bit			R
Production date	2007	Year and week of manufacture as string (format WW/YYYY)				R
Version	2008	Software version number as string (format x.xx)				R
U control	2009	Current supply voltage to control unit, in 0.1 V	16 bit			R
Device temperature	200B	Internal device temperature in °C	16 bit			R



Name, designation	Index number	Function	Range of values	Back up?	Delivery state	R/W
Delivery state		Writing a "-3": resets all the connected drives and sets the desired baud rate The execution of this command may take up to 2 sec for the HIPERDRIVE bus adapter and up to 8 sec for the HIPERDRIVE Hub → Watch acknowledgement of drive (receiving of SDO response). Writing a "-2": sets the values of all the parameters that can be saved in the hub or adapter to the last values saved by the user, without saving the parameters in EEPROM Writing a "-1": sets the values of all the parameters that can be saved in the hub or adapter to the delivery state, without saving the parameters in EEPROM Writing a "1": saves the parameters in EEPROM Reading after booting: 0 → Memory content correct ≠ 0 → Memory content incorrect Reading after saving: 0 → Saving successfully completed ≠ 0 → Saving not yet completed or completed incorrectly (saving can take up to 200ms)	-3, -2, -1 or 1 (during writing) 03 (during reading) ±15 bit	no	state	R/W



For HIPERDRIVE Hubs, the following section is repeated for each additional drive:

The area above 0x2080 of the object dictionary contains those objects that exist once for each connectable drive.

The following table describes the SDOs for the first drive connected, i.e. drive 1 on the hub or the drive connected to the HIPERDRIVE bus adapter.

For each additional drive, an index number is created for a specific SDO by adding n * 0x80 to the stated number. i.e.

Index numberDrive n = Index numberDrive 1 + (n - 1) * 0x80

Name, designation	Index number	Function	Range of values	Back up?	Delivery state	R/W
Control word	2080	Start and finish positioning runs (see diagram)	16 bit	no	0	R/W
Percentaged target speed	2081	Sets the speed (r.p.m.) as a % of the max. value (SDO #208C)	1100 8 bit	no	100	R/W
Percentaged maximum torque	2082	Sets the torque as % of the maximum value. Internally, the value is rounded up to multiples of 25%.	1100 8 bit	no	100	R/W
Target position	2083	Target position The upper 16 bits represent the number of rotations, the lower 16 bits represent the desired angle within a rotation (applicable for default values of the scale setting SDO #2095)	±31 bit	no	0	R/W
Status word	2084	Status of the drive (see diagram)	16 bit			R
Actual r.p.m.	2085	Current speed in [0.1 r.p.m.] (applicable for default values of the scale setting SDO #2096)	±15 bit			R
Actual position	2086	Actual position of the output shaft The upper 16 bits represent the number of rotations, the lower 16 bits represent the desired angle within a rotation (applicable for default values of the scale setting SDO #2095).	±31 bit			R



Name, designation	Index number	Function		Range of values	Back up?	Delivery state	R/W
	1				up?	state	
Fault buffer *)	2088		recent causes of faults or errors	0.1.1			_
			x 0: No. of indices (= 8)	8 bit			R
		Sub 1: lat	test cause of error	16 bit			R
		Sub 8: old	dest cause of error (still filed)	16 bit			R
		Error cod	es:				
		0x8200	Overcurrent				
		0x8201	Undervoltage				
		0x8202	Temperature too high				
		0x8203	Drag error				
		0x8300	block detection in backward direction				
		0x8301	block detection in forward				
			direction				
		0x8304	Lower limit reached				
		0x8305	Upper limit reached				
		0x8401	Internal error (control loop)				
		0x8410	Internal error (EEPROM)				
		0x8500	Attempted start of a positioning				
		0.0000	run not possible (e.g. due to an				
			RS485 communication error)				
		0x8501	Value transferred in SDO or				
		0.0001	PDO is not valid				
		0x8502					
		0x0502	Internal error (SINCOS				
		0.0502	evaluation)		1		
		0x8503	Target position invalid		1		
		0x8601	Communication timeout (drive				
			received no message from the		1		
		0.0000	RS485 master)		1		
		0x8603	RS485 communication error		1		
			(no valid response from the drive)				
Number of	2089	Number (of faults that have occurred since	8 bit	no	 	R/W
faults	2000		learing of the fault buffer (or		'		' ' ' '
iduito			last activation of the axle).		1		
			0 0 clears the error list, other				
		_	e not permitted.		1		
		values al	е погренниси.		l	<u> </u>	<u>l</u>

^{*)} In case the EtherCAT interface is switched on continuously, the fault buffer might be filled with one or more values after switching off and on again the motor power supply. This neither influences the processing of the flow chart (see section "Flow chart") nor the actual values of the status bits.

However, after switching on the motor power supply again, the fault buffer might be flushed in the following way as needed:

If the only error code which is contained is error code 0x8603, a simple flushing of the fault buffer is sufficient (setting SDO #2089 to 0). However, if additional error codes are listed, rather a reset of all connected drives has to be carried out. This takes place by setting SDO #200D to -3. Alternatively, the reset might also be executed by a positioning run, e.g. to the actual position. After this run has been finished, the fault buffer also might be flushed by setting SDO #2089 to 0.

Name, designation	Index number	Function		Range of values	Back up?	Delivery state	R/W
Position lower limit	208A	Minimum permitted target position	The upper limit must be min. 1 higher than the lower limit. Values will only be accepted if the current actual position is within the	see table ±31 bit	yes	see table	R/W
Position upper limit	208B	Maximum permitted target position	newly defined positioning range.	see table ±31 bit	yes	see table	R/W
Max. target speed (r.p.m.)	208C	100% value r.p.m.]	of the target speed [0.1	5350 16 bit	yes	350	R/W
New target position	208E	Actual position to be displayed at the current position The new actual position must be located within the position range defined by the limits. The value is used for referencing the internal measuring system to the physical conditions. Resetting has no effect. Setting to the delivery state sets the value to 0, the new actual position then corresponds to the position of the output shaft and is located between 0 and 1 revolution.		±31 bit	yes	0	R/W
		The value er to a multiple	ntered is rounded up or down of 64.				
Jog 1	208F	Inching run v Sub index 0: Sub 1: ste ind pr	vith switch "S5" ("Jog +") No. of indices (= 3) ep width: Number of crements a drive is moved by essing the switch "S5" ets the speed (r.p.m.) as a %	8 bit ±31 bit 1100	no	3 4096	R R/W
		of Sub 3: Se	the max. value (SDO #208C) ets the torque as % of the aximum value	8 bit 1100 8 bit	no	100	R/W
Jog 2	2090	Sub index 0: Sub 1: ste	vith switch "S4" ("Jog -") No. of indices (= 3) ep width: Number of crements a drive is moved by essing the switch "S4"	8 bit ±31 bit	no	3 -4096	R R/W
		Sub 2: Se of Sub 3: Se	the speed (r.p.m.) as a % the max. value (SDO #208C) ets the torque as % of the aximum value	1100 8 bit 1100 8 bit	no no	100	R/W R/W



Name, designation	Index number	Function		Range of values	Back up?	Delivery state	R/W
Idle period for manual run	2091	held pressed in order to begin a manual		100 10000 16 bit	no	1000	R/W
Error status 'HD_Err'	2092	Status 'HD_Err' from	the last transfer	16 bit			R
Error status 'Motion_ Status'	2093	Status 'Motion_Statu transfer	s' from the last	16 bit			R
Error status 'SCI_Err'	2094	Status 'SCI_Err' from the last transfer (independent of the state of the drive) 0x0000 → no error or no communication is requested 0xFFFF → no communication is possible (eventually the power supply of the connected drive is missing) other values → communication is present, but with errors		16 bit			R
Position	2095	Scaling of the position		8 bit			
scaling			Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 2) Sub 1: Numerator value		yes yes	2 256 1	R R/W R/W
Speed	2096	Scaling of speed (r.p		16 bit	700		1 4 7 7
scaling		Sub index 0: No. of it Sub 1: Numerator va	Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 2) Sub 1: Numerator value		yes yes	2 10 1	R R/W R/W
Delivery state (for the drive)	2098	Sub 2: Denominator value 0 → The drive performs a reset (corresponds to switching off and back on again) 1 → The drive parameters are reset to the delivery state. The changes come into effect immediately. (The RS485 parameters "message complete time", "address" and "baud rate" are not affected.)		16 bit 01 8 bit	no		W
Drive variant number	2099	0 → No drive connected 1 → HRA25A 2 → HRA25B 3 → HRA25E 4 → HRA35A 5 → HRA35B 6 → HRA35E	7 → HDA30A 8 → HDA30B 9 → HDA30E 10 → HDA45A 11 → HDA45B 12 → HDA45E 13 → HDA70 0xFFFF → other	16 bit			R
Drive variant name	209A	Name of the drive variant as string					R
Item number of the drive	209B	halstrup-walcher artic	cle number of the				R



Name, designation	Index number	Function	Range of values	Back up?	Delivery state	R/W
Serial number of the drive	209C	Serial number of the drive as string				R
Production date of the drive	209D	Year and week of manufacture of the drive as string (format WW/YYYY)				R
Version of the drive	209E	Software version number of the drive as string (format x.xx)				R
Nominal data of the drive	209F	Sub index 0: No. of indices (= 4) Sub 1: Nominal voltage [V] Sub 2: Nominal current [A] Sub 3: Nominal torque [Nm] Sub 4: Nominal rated speed [r.p.m.] The data are displayed as a string. An "A" preceding any value signifies that this value must be divided by 10.	8 bit		4	R R R R R
Timeout	20A0	Time for RS485 communication timeout If the status of the drive is at least "Ready for operation" and no telegram is received from the RS485 bus master within the stated time, the drive enters the error state. If the drive is running at that moment, it will stop. Specification is made in [0.1s]. Value 255 means that the monitoring is deactivated.	1 100 or 255 16 bit	yes	20	R/W
Complete time	20A1	RS485 message complete time [ms] The drive considers the transmission of a message to have been completed if no further byte is received within the stated period of time. The parameter is reset automatically during every power-up and every time the drive is activated (SDO #20A4 from 0 to 1) with the value corresponding to the desired baud rate (SDO #20A3). The change to the message complete time will only come into effect after a reset.	16 bit	yes		R/W
Address (drive)	20A2	RS485 address of the drive The change of address will only come into effect after a reset. The address is not important for the EtherCAT connection of the drive. Every activation of the drive via EtherCAT sets the address to 1.	0253 8 bit	yes	1	R/W



Name, designation	Index number	Function	Range of values	Back up?	Delivery state	R/W
Baud rate	20A3	RS485 baud rate of the drive The values 9600, 19200 and 38400 are permitted. The appropriate value for the "message complete time" is also transmitted at the same time as the baud rate is being written. The change to the baud rate will only come into effect after a reset as well as after every activation of the operated drive (SDO #20A4 from 0 to 1) A change to the baud rate will also be noticed in the hub or adapter and, if necessary, saved in its EEPROM (by setting SDO #200D to 1), so that the desired baud rate is also valid for a new drive if the old drive has to be replaced.	32 bit	yes	38400	R/W
Drive required	20A4	 O → The drive is not accepting run commands issued via EtherCAT, the actual values (status word, actual r.p.m. and actual position) are not being updated. 1 → The drive can be run via EtherCAT, the actual values are updated cyclically. A transition from 0 to 1 sets the drive to the last baud rate saved in the hub or adapter and performs a reset. 	01 8 bit	yes	0 (at the hub) 1 (at the adapter)	R/W
Drive temperature	20A5	Internal drive temperature in °C	8 bit			R

Table of rated speed and torque values for various models of gears

	Device type	HDA 30 HDA 45	HDA 70	PSE441
Name, designation	Index number	Range of values delivery state	Range of values delivery state	Range of values delivery state
Position lower limit	208A	-512 rot+512 rot -511 rot	-16000 rot+16000 rot -16000 rot	-127 rot+127 rot -127 rot
Position upper limit	208B	-512 rot+512 rot +511 rot	-16000 rot+16000 rot +16000 rot	-127 rot+127 rot +127 rot
New target position	208E	-512 rot+512 rot 0	-16000 rot+16000 rot 0	-127 rot+127rot 0



5.3. PDO format

The following table describes the PDOs for the first drive connected, i.e. drive 1 on the hub or the drive connected to the HIPERDRIVE bus adapter.

The PDO information for each additional drive (on the hub) is attached in each case, i.e. the following applies:

Byte numberDrive n = Byte numberDrive 1 + (n - 1) * 8

1) Receive PDO (from the perspective of the HIPERDRIVE)

Assignment (cannot be modified):

Bit	Byte	Meaning	Corresponding SDO index number
0-15	0,1	Control word	2080h
16-23	2	Percentaged target speed	2081h
24-31	3	Percentaged maximum torque	2082h
32-63	4-7	Target position	2083h

2) Transmit PDO (from the perspective of the HIPERDRIVE)

Assignment (cannot be modified):

Bit	Byte	Meaning	Corresponding SDO index number
0-15	0,1	Status	2084h
16-31	2,3	Current r.p.m.	2085h
32-63	4-7	Actual position	2086h

5.4. Detailed description of status bits

The functions of the status and control bits are based on the PROFIDRIVE protocol:

Bit 0: Ready to switch on

This bit is set:

- when bit 10 of the control word is set (set control word to 0x0400)

This bit is reset:

- when bit 10 is reset (set control word to 0x0000)

Bit 1: Ready for operation

This bit is set:

- when bit 0 of the control word is set in the state "Ready to Switch on" (set control word to 0x0401)

This bit is reset:

- when bit 0 is reset



Bit 2: Operation enabled

This bit is set:

- when bit 3 of the control word is set in the state "Ready for operation" (set control word to 0x0409)

This bit is reset:

- when bit 3 is reset

Bit 3: Fault

This bit is set:

- when an error arises if the state is at least "Ready for operation"

This bit is reset:

- in the case of a negative edge of bit 7 of the control word

Bit 4: No OFF2

This bit is set:

- when a drive is being detected during the presence test
- when a drive is marked as "required" by the PLC

This bit is reset:

- at the beginning of a presence test

Bit 5: No OFF3

This bit is set:

- when a drive is being detected during the presence test
- when a drive is marked as "required" by the PLC

This bit is reset:

- at the beginning of a presence test

Bit 6: Switch on inhibit

This bit is set:

- in the case of a negative edge of bit 7 of the control word in the state "Fault"

This bit is reset:

- in the case of a negative edge of bit 0 of the control word

Bit 7: Warning

This bit is set:

- when an error arises (independent of the operating status)

This bit is reset:

when all the errors present have been eliminated
 When the bit "Fault" is active, the bit will only be reset together with the bit "Fault" once the state "Fault" has been acknowledged.



Bit 8: No drag error

This bit is set:

- when no drag error occured during a movement (i.e. the difference between the target and actual position is within in the drag error window)

This bit is reset:

- at the beginning of a presence test
- when a drag error occured during a movement (i.e. the difference between the target and actual position is not within in the drag error window)

Bit 9: Control requested

This bit is set:

- when a drive is being detected during the presence test
- when a drive is marked as "required" by the PLC

This bit is reset:

- at the beginning of a presence test

Bit 10: Target position reached

This bit is set:

- when a drive has arrived at its target position

This bit is reset:

- at the beginning of a positioning run
- when the state is less than "Ready for operation" (in the states "Fault" and "Switch on inhibit", the bit initially retains its old value)

Bit 11: Reference point set

This bit is set:

- when a drive is being detected during the presence test
- when a drive is marked as "required" by the PLC

This bit is reset:

- at the beginning of a presence test

Bit 12: Acknowledgement of target value

This bit is set:

- at the start of a movement when bit 6 of the control word is set

This bit is reset:

- at the start of a movement when bit 6 of the control word is reset
- when the state is less than "Ready for operation"
- (In the state "Ready for operation" a new movement will only be started if bit 6 of the control word complements the bit "acknowledgement of target value" in the status word → toggle function.)

Bit 13: Drive at standstill

This bit is set:

- when the drive has completed a run

This bit is reset:

- at the beginning of a run



Bit 14: Motor overcurrent

This bit is set:

- when the maximum current for the drive is exceeded (in this case the drive enters the state "Fault")

This bit is reset:

- when the state "Fault" is acknowledged (negative edge of bit 7 of the control word)

Bit 15: Position limit reached

This bit is set:

 when the actual position of the drive is located outside the range defined by the positioning range limits

This bit is reset:

- when the actual position of the drive is again located within the range defined by the positioning range limits

5.5. Detailed description of control bits

Bit 0: ON

The drive goes from the state "Ready to Switch on" into the state "Ready for operation" (bit 10 must still be set).

Bit 1: No OFF2

reserved, must be set to 0

Bit 2: No OFF3

reserved, must be set to 0

Bit 3: Operation enabled

The drive goes from the state "Ready for operation" to the state "Operation enabled" (bits 0 and 10 must still be set).

Bit 4: Function in positioning mode:

No stop

The bit must be continuously active to execute a run command. When the bit is reset, the drive stops immediately, the current run command is dismissed. The run command is activated by an edge to bit 6.

Function in speed control mode:

CLOCKWISE

If the bit is set, the movement will start in a CLOCKWISE direction, otherwise it will be COUNTERCLOCKWISE.

Bit 5: Function in positioning mode:

No intermediate stop

The bit must be continuously active to execute a run command. When the bit is reset, the drive stops immediately but the current run command is not dismissed. The run command is continued when bit 5 is set once again.

Function in speed control mode:

Endless

When this bit is set, the movement in speed control mode is endless, otherwise until it reaches the respective end of the positioning range.

Bit 6: Function in positioning mode:

Activate run command

Every edge releases a run command or new target value (toggle bit). A rising or falling edge may only be carried out if bit 12 of the status word acknowledges that the previous run command has been accepted.

In other words, the run command is activated if this bit complements the current state of bit 12 of the status word.

Function in speed control mode:

Start speed control mode

A rising edge triggers a run in speed control mode, a falling edge completes it.

Bit 7: Acknowledge fault

A negative edge acknowledges a current fault condition.

Bit 8: Inching 1 ON

The drive runs with jog target value 1 with the step width and in the direction indicated in the parameters.

Bit 9: Inching 2 ON

The drive runs with jog target value 2 with the step width and in the direction indicated in the parameters.

Bit 10: Control by the automation equipment

The drive goes from the state "Not ready to Switch on" to the state "Ready to Switch on".

Bit 11: Start referencing

Reserved, must be set to 0.

Bit 12: Speed control mode

If this bit is set and the drive is in the state "Operation enabled", an edge of bit 6 triggers a run in speed control mode rather than a positioning run to the desired position.

- Bit 13: Reserved, must be set to 0.
- Bit 14: Reserved, must be set to 0.
- Bit 15: Reserved, must be set to 0.



5.6. Flow chart

The following flow chart shows the possible states of a drive as well as the transitions between the states.

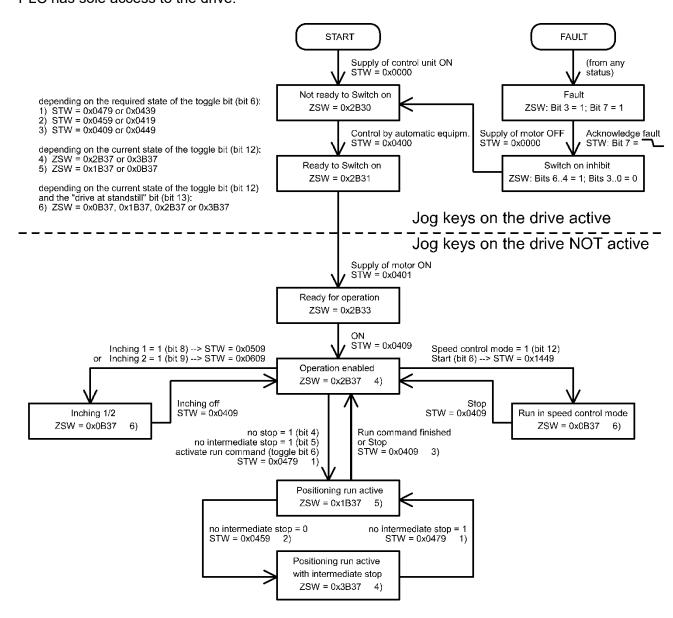
Abbreviations used:

STW = Control word

ZSW = Status ("status word")

The requirement for each run is that the "percentaged target speed" and "percentaged maximum torque" have a value > 0. In addition, for a run command, the target position must be set to a permitted value.

Any jog keys which are eventually present at the drive are only active in the states "Not ready to Switch on", "Ready to Switch on", "Fault" and "Switch on inhibit". In all other cases, the PLC has sole access to the drive.



6. Jog function

6.1. Jog function with jog keys on the drive

Some versions of the drive have two integrated jog keys for running left and right.

These keys are always active when the drive is not connected to a control module. When connected to a control module, they are active in the following states:

- Not ready to Switch on
- Ready to Switch on
- Fault
- Switch on inhibit

6.2. Jog function with jog keys in the HIPERDRIVE Hub

The two jog keys in the HIPERDRIVE Hub can always be used to run the drive selected using the switch S3 (located in the middle between the two jog keys) and independently of the PLC.

S4 ("Jog -") starts a jog step with the parameters from SDO #2090 (Jog 2), S5 (Jog +") starts a jog step with the parameters from SDO #208F (Jog 1).

The parameters for the jog steps are set using values from the individual subindices:

- SI 1 = increment and direction (default 1/16 rotation)
 Jog key S4 ("Jog -") → counter-clockwise
 Jog key S5 ("Jog +") → clockwise
- SI 2 = Sets the speed (r.p.m.) as a % of the max. value from SDO #208C
- SI 3 = Sets the torque as a % of the nominal torque

If the key is released during the movement, the jog step still runs until it has been completed. This makes it possible to run to a precisely defined angle. The run can be aborted before it has been completed at any time by pressing both keys simultaneously. A new jog step can then only be triggered when both keys have been completely released.

If the key remains pressed after the jog step has been completed, it will be followed by a manual run, which continues until the key is released or the end of the positioning range has been reached. The parameter "idle period for manual run" (SDO #2091 on drive 1) is available in order to provide better control of the transition to a manual run. The manual run begins once the set time, measured from the start of the jog step, has expired.

A manual run can also be aborted by pressing both keys simultaneously.

7. Special features

7.1. Target speed (r.p.m.) and torque

These values are stated as a percentage of a reference value. The 100% value for the target speed (r.p.m.) is stated in SDO #208C (for drive 1), the 100% value for the target torque is fixed and is the same as the nominal torque for the drive.

The maximum values valid for each movement are indicated at the beginning of each movement. In the ESM status "operational", these must be provided in the RxPDO, in the status "pre-operational" or "safe-operational" they must be provided in the SDOs #2081 and #2082 (for drive 1).



CAUTION!

In the status "operational", the values of the parameters control word, percentaged target speed, percentaged maximum torque and target position are overwritten by the values from the PDOs.

7.2. Response of the drive in case of block

If the drive detects an block, the drive aborts the run and enters the state "Fault".

An entry is then made in the fault buffer (SDO #2088 on drive 1). The fault must be acknowledged by a negative edge to bit 7 of the control word. The drive then enters the state "Switch on inhibit", which can be exited by a falling edge to bit 0.

7.3. Response of the drive if it is turned manually (readjustment function)

After switching on the voltage, the drive readjusts its position if the divergence between the current actual value and the target value saved before it was last powered down is < 5°.

After reaching a target position or stopping, the drive always readjusts its position as soon as it is turned beyond the tolerance range by external forces.

7.4. Using actual value assessment factors to set the spindle pitch

Index numbers SDO #2095:01 (numerator factor) and #2095:02 (denominator factor) can be used to modify the device's spindle resolutions as required.

number of steps per revolution =
$$256 * \frac{numerator\ factor}{denom.\ factor}$$

The default setting for the numerator factor is 256, the denominator factor is set to 1, giving a resolution of 65,536 increments per revolution.

The numerator factor makes it simple to set the spindle pitch and resolution.

The denominator factor is primarily used for setting "unlevel" resolutions.



Examples:

Spindle pitch	Resolution	Numerator	Denominator
		factor	factor
4 mm	1/100 mm	400	256
1 mm	1/100 mm	100	256
2 mm	1/10 mm	20	256

7.5. Aborted run when the master fails

If the connection to the master is interrupted during a positioning run, the master cannot abort a run that is already underway. In order to generate an automatic run abort in this case, there is the option of timeout monitoring by the Sync Manager Watchdog which is implemented in the EtherCAT master: If the HIPERDRIVE Hub or adapter does not receive a SYNC event within a specified time, it will command an abort of any positioning to all connected drives.

8. Technical data

8.1. HIPERDRIVE Hub

8.1.1. Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature	0 °C to +70 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to +75 °C
Shock resistance as stipulated in DIN IEC 68-2-27	8 g / 50 ms
Resistance to vibration	10 500 Hz: 10 g
as stipulated in DIN IEC 68-2-6	
EMC standards	CE
Conformity	CE declaration of conformity available upon request
Protection class	IP 65
Duty cycle	100 %

8.1.2. Electrical data

Supply voltage	24 VDC ±15 %
	Recommendation: Use a regulated power adapter
Nominal current, control unit	0.15 A
Motor connections	One 6-pin screw terminal per motor
	Max. cross section of conductor 1.5mm ²
Supply voltage connection for the	2 x cable lug M6
motors	Recommendation: Use a regulated power supply
Bus connection	M12, 4-pin Type D (2 x)
Protocol	EtherCAT (IEC 61158-6-12), CoE protocol
Status information	2 x Link/Act (green)
	1 x ECAT status (red/green)
	1 x RS485 status (red/green)

8.1.3. Physical data

Dimensions (I x w x h)	The technical data can be found in the data sheet on	
	the website: www.halstrup-walcher.de/technicaldocu	
Weight (approx.)	1.5 kg	



8.2. Drives with HIPERDRIVE bus adapter

8.2.1. Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature	0 °C to +60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to +75 °C
Shock resistance as stipulated in	11 g / 30 ms
DIN IEC 68-2-27	
Resistance to vibration	10 150 Hz: 10 g
as stipulated in DIN IEC 68-2-6	
EMC standards	CE
Conformity	CE declaration of conformity available upon request
Protection class	IP 65

8.2.2. Electrical data

Nominal power output	HDA 30	30 W	
	HDA 45	45 W	
	HDA 70	42 W	
Supply voltage	24 VDC ±15 % Recommendation: Use a regulated power supply		
Nominal current	HDA 30	3.5 A	
	HDA 45	4.8 A	
	HDA 70	4.8 A	
Connection for supply voltage	4-pin screw terminal (either with separate or shared power supply with the HIPERDRIVE electronics and		
	the motor)		
	Max. cross section of conductor 1.5mm ²		
	Optional: 7/8" plug		
Bus connection	M12, 4-pin Type D (2 x)		
Protocol	EtherCAT (IEC 61158-6-12), CoE protocol		
Status information	2 x Link/Act (green)		
	1 x ECAT status (red/green) 1 x RS485 status (red/green)		
Absolute value acquisition	Magnetic and with EEPROM		



8.2.3. Physical data

Positioning range	HDA 30, HDA 45:	1024 rotations		
	HDA 70:	32000 rotations		
	(no mechanical limits)	(no mechanical limits)		
Positioning accuracy	max. ± 2.5°	max. ± 2.5°		
Repeat accuracy	max. ± 1.0°			
Output shaft	type "S": 10 mm solid ci	type "S": 10 mm solid circular shaft with feather key		
	type "H": 12 mm hollow	type "H": 12 mm hollow shaft		
Maximum radial force	linear type: 200 N	linear type: 200 N		
	radial type: 440 N			
Maximum axial force	linear type: 150 N	linear type: 150 N		
	radial type: 165 N			
Dimensions (I x w x h)	The technical data can	The technical data can be found in the data sheet on the website: www.halstrup-walcher.de/technicaldocu		
	the website: www.halstr			
Weight (approx.)	HDA 30, HDA 45 linear:	2.8 kg		
	HDA 30, HDA 45 radial:	3.2 kg		
	HDA 70 linear:	2.5 kg		
	HDA 70 radial:	3.7 kg		

For additional specifications and dimension drawings, please visit our website at

www.halstrup-walcher.de/en/produkte/positioniertechnik/positioniersysteme/index.php

9. Certificate of Conformity



Die Lösung liegt im Detail

EG-Konformitätserklärung im Sinne der EG- Richtlinie 2014/30/EU, EMV

Certificate of Conformity based on the European Standard 2014/30/EU

Der Hersteller The manufacturer

> halstrup-walcher GmbH Stegener Straße 10 79199 Kirchzarten Deutschland

erklärt, dass die Bauart des Produktes declares, that the construction of instrument type

Positioniersystem Typ Hiperdrive HDA70 Positioning System Type Hiperdrive HDA70

entwickelt, konstruiert und gefertigt ist in Übereinstimmung mit den EG – Richtlinien is developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the EC Directives.

Störaussendung / Emmission EN61000-6-4: 2001

EN55011:1998 + A1:1995 EN55022:1998 + A1:1995

Störfestigkeit / Immunity EN61000-6-2:2001

EN61000-4-3:1996 + A1:1998 + A2:2001

EN61000-4-4:1995 + A1:2001 + A2:2001

EN61000-4-5:1995 + A1:2001 EN61000-4-6:1996 + A1:2001

abgegeben durch / stated by:

Sura, Christian (Nachname, Vorname / Surname, first name)

Geschäftsführer, Managing Director (Stellung im Betrieb des Herstellers / Position)

Kirchzarten, 19. 10. 2016 (Ort, Datum / City, Date)

(Rechtsgültige Unterschrift/ Signature)

43